Some Philadelphia roughs yesterday beat, stabled, and bit the nose off a policeman who was strempting to rescue a German upon whom they had made an assault. A second policeman, who went to the assistance of the first, had his head broken; and a third, who drews pistol, had it wrenched from him. The party then escaped. The officer stabbed will

The Toronto Globe professes to have positive information that extensive preparations are being made on the American side for the Fenian raid. It also states that furlonghs have been withdrawn from regular officers, and the forces in the garrison have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for orders at a moment's notice.

The cattle disease has found its way to Massachusetts, and is creating great excitement among the farmers and butchers. Nine animals died at the Brighton market Monday af-ternoon, and five more died yesterday morning

on a farm in Norfolk county. The Baltimore Republican Convention met last night, and organized by the election of Samuel M. Evans, Esq., of the Third ward, as President, Baltus Kennard, Esq., of the Nine-

teenth, as Secretary, and the appointment of an Executive Committee. United States gunboat Marblehead, Lt. Com. Fitch, arrived at New York on Monday, from Key West via Norfolk. She has been at-tached to the West India Squadron for the

past eleven months. At a meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association of Atlanta, Ga., on the 10th ingt., a resolution was passed inviting bids for the erection of a monument to the memory of the Con-federate dead, at a cost not exceeding \$5,000. Judge Brewster, of Philadelphia, on Saturday sentenced to a year's imprisonment each, two men convicted of fraudulently collecting money for political societies.

The Republicans of Georgia held a ratification meeting last night at which addresses were made by ex-Governor Brown, Senator Joshua Hill, and Hon. James Johnson. Advices of yesterday and to-day from Mexi-

co leave no doubt that the insurgents are forc-

Advices from Nassau are to the 6th inst. Inendiarism was frequent, and the negroes were aimost destitute. The anniversary of negro emancipation was celebrated as of custom. Cardinal Antonelli replied to Baron de laws in Austria by a simple acknowledgment of its reception.

Destructive fires are again raging in the Canada woods on the Northern railroad. A mil-lion dollars' worth of forest and lumber have The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the State of New York assembled in Buffalo yesterday and

elected officers for the ensuing year. C. Mar-vin was elected representative to the G. L. The Georgia rice crop is reported to be not so good as was expected. Rice birds are the cause of it.

Thirty-three colored persons from Wilmington, N. C., were at the recent Democratic Con-vention at Raleigh.

The firth National Convention of Spiritualists will be held at Rochester, N. Y., on the 25th

Beds of coal of excellent quality have been discovered in Southern Illinois, near McLeans-

The steamship Rerlin, of the Raltimore and Bremen line, was coming up the Bay last night.

THE INDIAN WAR-Horrible Outrages-The Military in Pursuit.-A letter, dated Ellsworth, Kansas, August 14. says: "On Monday, the 12th instant, a band of some two hundred Indians appeared on Spelman's Creek, about two hundred miles northeast of Ellsworth, arriving at the house of Mr. Shaw. They caught and beat him unmercifully, and then carried him away. The devils then caught Mrs. Shaw and her sister and violated their persons. Some thirty or more of them continued to abuse them until long after they become had senseless, and then destroying the property, left them for dead. They then proceeded to the residence of Mr. Smith, beat him in the same manner, and vio-lated the person of his wife, leaving her in a very critical condition. It is feared that the women subjected to these outrages will not recover. They met and abused several other recover. They met and abused several other citizens by beating them, and after destroying all within their reach, left for the north. These poor women say that fer five or six hours they were subjected to ill-treatment, and they show marks of most cruel usage, made by being beaten in the attempt to defend themselves. A detachment of twenty soldiers has been sent after the Indians from Fort Hooker, accompanied by fifty or sixty settlers. On Wednesday night they sent in for reinforcements, and on Thursday a full company, under Colonel Bentine, went over. The latest report was that Bentine had come on the Indiane, who had to or 15 women surrounded in a house, and that he had driven the red skins away; but whether he had killed any of them or not was not known. These are probably some of the Indians who have been murdering and committing other outrages on Solomon creek.

HORRIBLE MURDER ON BOARD A VESSEL.— The body of Captain Adam Lennis, who com-manded a small schooner called the Belle Varney, was picked up on Thursday last in the Chowan river, near Colerain, N. C., with his throat cut from ear to ear. The captain has been in the habit of trading between Norfolk and the Chowan river. He cleared his vessel from Norfolk on Wednesday last, with an assorted cargo of goods, valued at \$300, which he intended disposing of to the farmers for a return cargo of produce. He had also about his person some \$600 in currency. When he left the city he was accompanied by a young man about eighteen years of age, who subsequently left the vessel at Elizabeth City. A strange man, name unknown, was shipped at Eliza-beth City to supply his pface, and suspicion points to him as the guilty party. When the body was found there was a heavy axe used to it, for the purpose of sinking it. The schooner was found in Wichleon creek, which empties into the Chowan river, a few miles above Colerain. Detectives Tyler and Merchant of Norfolk, have been engaged to ferret out the manderer or murderers. The captain's body will

be brought to Norfolk for burial by his friends. A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR EXPECTED'-Advices by the gulf cable from Hayti state that Salnave, the dethroned ex-President and col-ored emperor, is preparing to leave, and in-tends to favor the United States with his presence. The insurgents captured one of his war vessels, on board of which were his mother and his minister of war. Salnave had imprisoned the Prussian consul, and threatened the life of the British minister, for which insolence the British man-of-war Favorite was prepared to hombard Port au Prince.

mparting an artificial flavor and fragrance to apples and pears by the following process: The fruit is plucked before being quite ripe, and is picked all over with a fine needle; after which it is placed in a vessel, with essence of any desired kind. The exhalations of the latter are absorbed in a few seconds by the truit, and the operation is repeated several times, until the fruit is ripe, when it will be found to have ac-quired the desired taste.

TO RENOVATE BLACK SILK .- Rub the silk all over on the right side with a solution of ammo-nia and water—two teaspoonfuls of powdered ammonia to a quarter of a pint of warm water—and smooth it on the wrong side with a mod-erately hot aron, and the silk will present a

black appearance. "Surprise weddings" are the latest novelty at Cleveland, Ohio. They take place at picnics, camp-meetings, excarsions and the like.

London papers declares himself now as here-tofere opposed to the use of the ballot in Eng-lish elections.

A woman and five children were pois oned in Springfield, on the 6th, by eating a pie baked in a new sheet iron pan. Arsenic was supposed to have been used to give the pan its

A drunken Bostonian attending a pienie at Manchester, N. H., a day or two since, was tied to a tree and kept there until he got sober enough to behave himself.

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VOL. XXXII.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1868.

Nº. 4,820.

Washington News and Gossip.

THE ELECTIONS IN MISSISSIPPI AND OTHER SOUTHERN STATES.—A letter just received from the Chairman of the Committee of Five appointed by the Mississippi Constitutional Convention says : "There is evidently & strong disposition on the part of the Democratic party South to make an issue on the question of the right of Mississippi and the other excluded States to vote in the approaching election. If the least encouragement is given by the President in that direction they will undoubtedly hold an election, and I fear the bill passed by Congress is not sufficiently explicit in all its features." He says "the Republicans are anx. ionsly expecting the reassembling of Congress in September as their very existence as a party and as individuals depends upon some promp and decisive measure for their relief."

The proceedings of the Democratic Execu tive Committee of that State at a recent meeting held in the Senate Chamber at Jackson are enclosed. A resolution to proceed at once to nominate candidates for electors was rejected, and the following adopted in its stead:

"Resolved, That this Committee deem it inex-pedient at this time to nominate an electoral ticket for the State, but will defer a further consideration of that subject to an adjourned meet-ing of this body to be held in this Chamber on Tuesday, 23d day of September next,"

It was also Resolved, That in the opinion of the committee the act of Congress above referred to, ex-cluding the State of Mississippi from her right to vote in the Presidential election, is in con-travention of the Constitution of the United States and the rights of the States thereunder. Other resolutions adopted declare that the expulsion of Governor Humphreys from the

Executive Mansion by military forces under General Grant, to be without authority of law. and appoint a committee to correspond with General Grant and the President on the subject; that representative men of Southern Democratic senuments be requested to represent the South on the northern hustings in the present canvass; and that a committee of correspondence be appointed to bring this subject to the attention of Democratic committees and leading men of the party North. A committee was also appointed to prepare an address to the Democrats of the Northern States.

From information which has reached here from Virngiia and Texas, it is believed by Republicans that the Democrats of those States are pursuing the same policy with those in Mississippi, of waiting until after the time for the September session of Congress before putting their electoral tickets in the field. The full development of the plan contemplated in South Carolina and other States, where Democrats do not expect to be able to overcome the tion for white voters, under the auspices of the Johnson provisional governments, is also believed by Republicans here to be held in abeyance until the last of September, for like rea-

ADVERSE DECISION IN THE FRENCH COURTS. In 1863, the Ocean Ship-building Company of Bordeaux, contracted to build vessels for the Confederates, and the company's director, M. Arman, received the sinews of war. The South having "caved in," the ships passed over to Prussia, and the United States claimed from the builders the money paid to them by the Southern Confederacy, under three millions of francs. It is said the case could at one time have been compromised for one million. The Court has decided against President Johnson, cendemning him in the expenses of the suit, and adding that there was no evidence that the United States Treasury had advanced one sous to construct the vessels; that there was no infringement of the neutrality act on the part of France, and that no aspersion rested on Ar. man, whose claim for damages was at the same time rejected.

BUTLER's LAST,-There has been some "laffing" in and about the Attorney General's Office for a day or two over a huge practical joke played off by General Butler on Mr Evarts, his recent antagonist in the Impeach. ment trial. In the suit brought against General Butler by Kimberly & Bros , of Baltimore. for action taken by him while an officer in the army at Fortress Monroe, he employs Caleb Ousning and Wm. Schley, of Baltimore, as atterneys for the defence, and instructs these gentlemen to apply to Attorney General Evarts to assist them, under a provision of a law passed during the war, requiring the Attorney General to defend officers or ex-officers of the army against whom suits may be brought by civilians for arrest, imprisonment, &c. It has not transpired what answer will be made by the Attorney General, but it is hardly probable that he will find it convenient to enter person. ally upon General Butler's defence.

"H. V. B." asks some awkward questions of Hon. Sam. Cary in the Washington correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

THE Sing Sing or "dead rabbit" cut of the hair is coming in fashion again.

POLITICAL.-The campaign in Indiana is getting intensely exciting bringing out all the political speakers obtainable of any note. The "old War Horse," Heary S. Lane is announced as secured to take the stump for the Republicans during the canvass. In the 7th Congressional District some active work is being done on both sides. Hon. Godlove S. Orth speaks every day until the election every day until the election.

-The Milwaukee Sentinel having described a grand ratification meeting, of that city, con-cludes with the following: "As a speculation by the proprietors of the bar at the Rink, it was a success: as a faneral, it was doubtful, and as a ratification, it was a fizzle."

—A Chicago letter of the 13th says: "The Tanners are destined to be a feature in this campaign. Turning out nearly four thousand. strong last evening, they were the cuief attraction of the occasion. They are being organized and drilled in military tactics—so far as is necessary to obtain celerity and precision of movement—all over the West. Their uniform is chean conting only 22 s cheap—costing only \$2-yet picturesque and appropriate.

- The Richmond Enquirer excoriates the Chief Justice for recognizing, in his recent charge to the Grand Jury at Parkersburg, West Virginia, the validity of the Fourteenth

- Among the Republicans suggested for Mr Stevens' place in Congress are O. J. Dickey late law partner with Mr. Stevens, and J. P. Wichersham, State Superintendent of Common

- The Cincinnati Gazette predicts that Ham. ilton County will give four thousand majority for Grant and Colfax. - The Democrats are very sanguine of success in Missouri.

- Five thousand Grant Clabs have been organized already. -S. L. Spink, formerly editor of the Paris

(111.) Beacon and Blade, has been unanimously nominated for Congress by the Union Repub-lican party at Dakota Territory - The New York World press broke down Monday morning, preventing the publication of the usual edition. Luckily the Herald was Democratic that day.

- The Republican County Convention at Gettysburg, Pa., nominated John Cessna, of Bedford, for Congress. The present Repre-sentative from that district (the 16th) is Hon. Wm. H. Koontz, Republican, who was elected in 1866, receiving 13,589 votes against 12,964 for

- Caleb N. Taylor has been renominated for Congress by the Republicans of the 5th district of Pennsylvania. He was elected in 1865 by 12,259 votes against 11,800 for the Democratic candidate.

- The Republicane of Virginia will have a grand mass meeting in front of the Capitol, in the city of Richmond, on Tuesday, 25th instant, to ratify the nominations of Grant and Colfax. - The Democrats of Maine are elated by the accession to their ranks of Dr. Alonzo Garcelon, heretofore a prominent Republican politician of that State.

- Senator Fessenden has taken the stump in Maine for Grant and Colfax.

Excele anything in the Oridinet, Waxer

NORE OF THE APPOINTMENTS of Internal Revenue Supervisors were made this morning. as it was expected in some quarters there would be, and it is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury well not take action on any of the nominations before him for a day or FROM NEW ORLEANS. two longer. The friends of the various parties

some decisive action in the matter; but there are various circumstances which combine to cause delay. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue will probably in a very few days send in nominations for the remaining dis-PATENT OFFICE UHANGES. - Yesterday

Commissioner Foote, of the Patent Office, promoted Gen. Samuel Duncan, first assistant examiner, to do special duty in the commissioner's room as his assistant, and V. D. Stockbridge from a clerkship to second assistant examiner in the examining corps, special duty as clerk to examiners, etc. Mr. James L. Norris and Mr. Chas. Page have also received promotion to the examining corps as assistants and clerks.

who have been recommended for appointment

to these positions are particularly anxious for

A STUNNER OF A SABRE !- A staff officer in the West writes: " I see the Louisville Journal says General Sheridan was fined \$100 for assaulting the postmaster at Fort Leavenworth with his sabre. Considering the fact that Sheridan was with Grant at the terminus of the Union Pacific railroad, 1,300 miles distant, on the day Dunn was put off the reservation' his sabre must be a stunner !"

GENERAL RAWLINGS, Chief of Gen'l Grant's Staff, who had a severe attack of hemorrhage recently, is able to be out again, and to-day made his appearance at Army Headquarters. We are also glad to announce that Mrs. Rawlings, who has been seriously ill, is now pronounced out of danger.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT .- The work of removing the office of the Agricultural Department to the new building in South Washington is progressing quite rapidly. The library and laboratory have already been removed, and by next week the Commissioner and most of the officers of the Department will have become permanently located in their new

COMMISSIONER ROLLINS .- Although, accordng to the testimony of numerous Democrats here, the President has determined to remove Commissioner Rellins and prefer charges against him, it is to-day thought that this purpose, if formed, may not be executed until after the question of a September session of Congress is settled.

INTERNAL REVENUE,- The receipts to-day

How. N. B. Judd has given Dr. De Haas \$1,000 to secure a pew for Chicago in the Metropolitan Church, Washington, D. C.

THE WHITE HOUSE .- Among the visitors at the White House to-day were Generals Hancock and Rousseau, both of whom had interviews with the President.

THE PATENT OFFICE .- Judge Foote, Commissioner of Patents, has not yet made any changes in his office. General Stout, the chief clerk of the office. left this morning on a leave of absence, which he will spend at the North.

GENERAL SHERMAN has issued a General Order inaugurating, in part, that system of military government over the Indian tribes which, it is claimed, is much better adapted to their wants, and is likely to prove much more efficient for their protection and the payment of their annuities, than any system heretofore tried. The Sioux are given a reservation north of Nebraska and west of the Missouri river, and are placed under the command of General Harney. The Cheyennes, Arapahoes, Kiowas and Comanches are given a reservation lying between Kansas, Texas, Arkansas and the 100th meridian, and are assigned to the command of General Hazen. General Getty takes charge of the Navajoes, Major Lamotte of the Crows, General Augur of the Shoshones and Snakes. The duties of these officers will consist chiefly of aiding the Indians to reach their reservatione, and to obtain payment of their annuities.

THE NATIONAL DISH .- A question of dinner etiquette now agitating the watering places, is whether green corn should be eaten directly off the cob-with the teeth-or cut off! Philadel. phians affect the paring process as genteeler while the New Yorkers go at it teeth first and say it is sweeter so eaten. Washingtonians range themselves on both sides of the question. It ought to be settled, for the benefit of foreign. ers anxious to do the correct thing.

OF THE ONE-AND-A-HALF MILLION DOLLARS appropriated by Congress at its last session for clearing the public rivers and harbors, a very large proportion goes to the improvement of the South, For improving the navigation of the Mississippi 8350,000 are given; for the Tennessee, \$100,000; to the Louisville and Portland Canal, \$100,000; and this proportion holds good through the smaller items.

APPOINTMENTS,-At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, upon the legal advice of the Attorney General as to the power of the President in the premises, Joseph S. C. Rowland was appointed United States Marshal for the western district of Arkansas, vice Luther C. White, suspended for misconduct in office. During the session of the Senate Rowland was nominated to this office, but the Senate failed to dispose of the case.

GENERAL ROSECRANS left here yesterday for the White Sulphur Springs. On the same train were Generals Longstreet, Ewell, and Hunton.

NATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS .- The follow-NATIONAL LABOR COMERESS.—The following circular has lately been sent to all societies of workingmen in this country:

OFFICE NATIONAL LABOR UNION, WASH-INGTON, August, 1808.—Fellow-workingmen:
In accordance with the constitution of the National Labor Union, its second annual session will be held in New York city on the third Monday in September next, the 2ist proximo, commencing at 11 o'clock a. m. You are respectively invited and arread to send represent spectively invited and urged to send represen-tatives to this important assemblage of work-ingmen, which meets to institute reforms and to carry out those a.ready instituted in the interest of the working masses, and, by estab-lishing reciprocal relations between their dif-ferent organizations, unite them in a common effort to protect themselves, and keep back the encroachments of centralized wealth upon the rights of labor, and to secure legislation that will improve their condition and advance them in the scale of property and intelligence. in the scale of prosperity and intelligence.

Organizations that will be entitled to representation, and the number of delegates to each, are provided for in article 2, sections 1 and 2,

of the constitution, as follows:
Article 2—Sec. 1. The National Labo Union shall be composed of such labor organizations as may now or hereafter exist, having for their object the amelioration of the condition of those who labor for a living.

Sec. 2. Every international or national organization shall be entitled to three representatives and vice president at large; State organizations to two. Trades Unions and all other organizations to construct the state of the stat

zations to two. Trades Unions and all other organizations to one representative in the National Labor Congress; provided that representatives shall derive their election direct from the organization they claim to represent.

Sec. 3. Ex-representatives, upon presentation of certificate of good standing in their organization, shall be entitled to a voice, without a vote, in the National Labor Congress.

Delegates who may be elected will please immediately thereafter inform the vice president of the Sinte of New York of their election, and from him can be obtained information as to the place of assembling of the Congress, and the most desirable place for delegates to stop. His address is William J. Jessup, No. 11, Norfolk street, New York.

folk street, New York.

J. C. C. WHALEY,

President National Labor Union. Dan Rice's sacred cow has brought forth twin sacred calves. Bor Bodicks are now in favor again open down the frost, with lace chemisettes under-neath and lace bow gravats on the back. The St. Louis barbers have resolved to

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most the Depot.

TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR This Afternoon's Dispatches.

The Louisiana Legislature—Passage of the Police Bill—Important Military Or-der—Assistance of the Civil Authority by the Military.

NEW ORLBANS, August 19 .- The Police bill bassed the Legislature yesterday by a strict party vote. Senator Broughn, in a speech opposing the bill, mentioned the fact that there is not a single check or limit to the amount of expenditure under its extraordinary provisions.
The fellowing order, promulgated this morning, explains itself:
HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF LOUIS-

ANA, New Orleans, August 18, 1868 .- General Orders, No. 3.—In order to carry out the instructions from the Secretary of War relative to the assistance to be afforded by the troops on duty in this department to the civil authorities, in case of domestic disturbance or insurrections arising therein, officers commanding districts, detachments and posts will be governed by the following directions:

Every officer will been himself well informed.

Every officer will keep himself well informed of the condition of affairs in his vicinity. Should a necessity arise which, in his opinion, would render the services of troops requisite, he will immediately. render the services of troops requisite, he will immediately communicate by telegraph with these heanquarters, stating the essential facts in the case, asking for the necessary instruction for his government. Under no circumstances will any interference of the military with the civil authorities be permitted, nor will the service of the troops be made use of unless upon special instruction previously communicated in each case from these headquarters.

By command of Brevet Major General R. C. Buchanan.

THOMAS H. NEILL, Brevet Brig. Gen'l.

FROM TENNESSEE. Another Serious Disturbance—The Teachers National Convention.

NASRVILLE, Aug. 19.—Exaggerated accounts were published here this morning of a difficulty at Waynesboro. Later and reliable information contradicts the report of killing three
persons; no one was killed. Three citizens were
wounded, one seriously, and several horses
were killed. Last Thursday a number of persons in masks went to Wayne County Furnace, where some negroes had been driling.
After consulting with the proprietor of the
Furnace he conferred with the negroes and
advised them to quit drilling and give up their
arms to the Superintendent of the Furnace to
be turned over to the State authorities. The
negroes consented and the maskers retired. As ty at Waynesboro. Later and reliable infornegroes consented and the maskers retired. As they rode back through Waynesboro they were fired upon by a Sheriff's posse concealed in a stockade. They returned the fire and then scattered. A meeting of citizens was held on Saturday which protested against all violence, and pledged themselves to recommend the scattered. and pledged themselves to peace measures.

The session of the Teachers Convention today as devoted to American Normal School

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY.

The American Yacht Sappho-Her Challenge Accepted by the English Yachts. LONDON, Aug. 19 .- Soon after the arrival of the American yacht Suppho at Caves, Friday night, her Captain P. P. Baldwin, issued a general challenge to the yachts of England for a race. The challenge was immediately accepted by the following well-knawn yachts:

Aline, Cambria, Ounara, and Condor.

A conference was held and the details of the riendly encounter was agreed upon. The race will be a sweepstake for £20, and occurs on Friday next, the 21st. The yachts start from Corves and proseed through Spithead around the Isle of Wight to westward, and through

Lolent to the place of starting. The distance is perhaps 75 or 50 miles. The event has caused considerable stir in the sporting cirble, and a fine race is expected. HON. GEORGE H. PENDLETON IN

BOSTON. BOSTON, Aug. 19 .- George H. Pendleton arrived in town yesterday, late in the evening. The Constitutional Democratic Club gave him a serenade at the Parker House. He returned his thanks in a few remarks, in which he said he was on his way to Maine to take part in the political campaign in that State. A large as-semblage was present.

VALLANDIGHAM NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS. CINCINNATI, August 19 .- The Democratic Convention of the Third Uhio District nominated Hon. C. L. Vallandigham for Congress on the third ballot.

Dry Goods.

There has been a moderate degree of activity among the dry goods houses the past week, but nothing like the amount of business which had been expected. There is a hanging back among purchasers, for which we must acknowledge there is no apparent good reason. The season there is no apparent good reason. The season is early, to be sure; but then trade was expected to revive early, and all the preparations have been made to meet it. The weather has been propitions, and the crop prospects all and more than could have been anticipated. Politics may have something to do with the unsatisfactory state of things; for with the brightening chances of the success of the Republican candidates, our trading classes feel renewed confidence in the future. Prices have been heavy, particularly of domestic cottons, but wollens have shown more firmness than has been the case in shown more firmness than has been the case in In brown sheetings and shirtings prices re-

main steady, but the transactions have been confined to small sales; and, as the stock in first hands has not been diminished, purchasers might make favorable terms, if they showed a disposition to take hold freely. In bleached goods there is less of accumulation in first hands than of unbleached, and prices are firmer. An active demand would doubtless cause an advance, particularly in the higher rades of shirtings.

Drills and corset jeans are moderately active. but without change of rates, and the same may be said in respect of denims and cottonades Prints, as usual at the opening of the season, are exceptionally active, for the new styles in par-ticular—which, by the way, are not unusually attractive. There are no changes to notice rela-tion to prices, except that Sprague's prints have been reduced about half a cent a yard. In all descriptions of goods required by the clothing trade—such as Silesias and Italian cloths—there is an improved demand and reject loths—there is an improved demand and prices

Muslin de laines are in increasing request, and prices are well maintained. In foreign goods there is not yet any marked indication of how trade will be effected; but the importations are very large, and there will be no lack of goods, when the demand comes, of any kind. Silks are not likely to be flower, for the supply of all descriptions of silken fabrics must continue to diminish in proportion to the constantly increasing demand for these luxuries of dress. Our foreign importers are very confident of a good fall trade.—New York Independent.

CURIOUS AND PAINFUL ACCIDENT .- Mrs. Potter Grame (or Graham) was seriously in-jured by a terrible accident about two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, under the following circumstances: She was in her husband's harn and was going up the ladder to the hay loft when she lost her balance, and in her tall her band caught on a projecting spike or book, the iron entering the fiesh about the middle of the palm of her hand and coming out at the wrist. The whole weight of her body was suspended in this terrible position until she could be relieved, and the fiesh nerves and muscles are torn, making a ghastly sight. A doctor was called and dressed the wounds. The woman suffered such a terrible shock to her nerves that she was seized with spasme, and coloreform had to be administered to keep her quiet. There is great danger in such cases of lookiew, and of the best the woman will be disabled a long time, and will probably never entirely recover the use of the injured hand.— Rochester Express.

Disturrance in the Louisland Senate.—A difficulty occurred yesterday in the Senate Chamber between Senators Jewell and Campbell, which for the moment created considerable confusion. It was, however, suppressed before they proceeded to actual violence. Very singular conduct was, however, displayed by the officer in charge of the police in the building. It is said that some dozen negroes were armed with revolvers sitting around and displaying their arms without any effort at concealment. Yet a young son of Judge Ogden, a mere boy, who since the attack on his father has caried a pistol, was arrested and sent to the station, charged with carrying concealed weapons.—N. O. Picayuse, Ilfs. DISTURBANCE IN THE LOUISIANA SENATE.

A man named Rafferty was run over and killed by a railroad train in East Cambridge, Mass., on Saturday night. Shoeting matches are the female diversion at Virginia watering-places. SERVERS FET AND TWINE CO.

PARIS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Elections in France—Meeting of Elec-tors Put Bown by the Police—The New Lonn—Rew Grape Disease—Adelina Patti Can't go to Court—Closing of the Corps Legislatif—The International Exhibition of Insects.

[Special correspondence to the Star.]

PARIS, Aug. 4, 1868.—There are two elections at present going on in France, those of Gard and Jura, which the observers of Napoleonic professions of liberty are closely watching, and which more or less mark the Emperor's next move in European affairs, for if he inends to pursue a course of peace, these elections were to be regarded, by the non-intervention of authority in any offensive way, with the right of election as a sign of peace. Unhappily just the contrary has resulted, up to the present. On the 18th of March last, M. Rouher distinctly stated in the Corps Legislatif, in reply to a direct question, that the Government had no intention to prevent electors from holding any private meeting. On Thursday last at Nismes, in the electoral district of Gard, the proprietors of a house. last at Nismes, in the electoral district of Gard, the proprietors of a house, according to law, issued an invitation by scaled letter, also as required by law, to attend a meeting at their house, to concert measures for ensuring the return of the opposition candidate—M. Cazot. Proceedings had hardly commenced, when the police knocked for admittance. "You have not been invited and you cannot enter," replied the proprietors. "I come in the name of the Prefet, and the General in command, to disperse the meeting, neaceably, and if not by Preset, and the General in command, to disperse the meeting, peaceably, and if not by force," added the police inspector. The members asserted that they stood on their legal rights and would only retire by force. Some 300 soldiers forced an entrance by another door, and the council was then sauve qui peut. With fixed bayonets the military advance, knocking over several of the guests with their rifles, the police seizing others by the throat. One unfortunate, having a wooden leg, could not run fast enough, and was caught; he One unfortunate, having a wooden leg, could not run iast enough, and was caught; he screwed off the leg, and prepared to show fight, when he was made secure. But another sympathizer was cut down, either by a sword or stabbed by a bayonet. At the sight of the blood, the crowd outside became furious. The drams beat theirs three rolls, and the people summoned to disperse; the trumpet sound three times and the notice is finished; then the soldiers prepare to charge, and the inhabitants fly before them. In half an hour, all is calm, and "freedom of universal suffrage" vindicated. This occurrence has created a sensation ted. This occurrence has created a sensation

as painful as it it is profound.

The Monitour at last publishes the law for the issuing of the new loan of 429,000,000 francs. The nation can subscribe for it between the 6th and 13th of August. It will be subscribed for at frc. 69%, French three per cent., bearing interest from 1st of July last. No subscriptions is received for a less sum than five france, then en francs, and multiples of ten. Austria has monoplized the excitement of Continental politics during the week, and the mass meeting of German rifle volunteers has

served as a means of doing a little political business—the doctrine being propounded, Ger-man unity or democracy, without territorial fusion. All this is very gratifying to the French, who believe the last word between Lerlin and Vienna has not been said at Sado wa. Bismarck has never concealed his opinion that Prussia must fight it over again. ski, is living quietly at Kissingen, where he can see the houses well marked by the Prussian bullets of 1866. He goes every morning to the "Trink-Hall" with the Empress. He and Napoleon are likely to arrange an interview at Darmstadt or Wurtzbourg. At Plombieres the Emperor is gaining strength, more from his quiet life than the baths. The Empress holds Cabinet Councils, and has made all her preparations for the security. arations for the reception of Queen Victoria.

In the district of Provence, and on the left bank of the Rhine, a new disease has attacked the vine. Hitherto the oldium was the enemy to be feared, but this disease only attacked the truit, the one in question kills the plant, and patches of ten and fitteen acres of a vineyard may be seen quite bare, where the plants have sickened and died. A commission has investi-gated the matter, and has found that the cause gated the matter, and has found that the cause is myriads of insects, called pucerons, or lice, very small and propagating themselves marvelously, that absorb the juices of the plant at the roots. Applications of lime and caustic matters, salt, and even boiling water have been tried with partial success. A better attention to the aeration of the soil, both in summer and winter, appears to be the best of all remedies.

The members of the Corps Legislatif, after being "weary, weary with the waiting," have at last been set free. The Emperor's "faithful commons" commenced the transaction of business on 18th November, 1867, and terminated their labors a few days ago. Since 1852 no sestheir labors a few days ago. Since 1852 no session equally so long has been known. The longest debated subject was the press laws, which took up 27 meetings. Excepting the minister of the Emperor's household all the other ministers took part in it, and defended their ministers departments when under discovered their ministers of the constraints when under discovered their ministers took part in it, and defended their ministers took part in it. other ministers took part in it, and defended their respective departments when under discussion. On the whole they acquitted themselves well in thus directly giving an account of their stewardship. But the Emperor is not likely to give the nation ministerial responsibility. At the conclusion of the reading of the decree, closing the Chamber, some deputies exclaimed, "Long live the Emperor;" others, "Long live the Nation," but the last words were. "Long live the people who elected the were, "Long live the people who elected the Emperor." The President generally addressed a few words to the members relative to "our next merry meeting:" on this occasion he was, like his brother President in the Senate, dumb Some conclude from this that a general election

is not unlikely.

The International Exhibition of Insects which was to open on the first, following the examples of other exhibitions, is very far from being ready. The objects of attraction remain unpacked. This exhibition is an enlarged idea of the "Bee Show," which took place in August, 1964. The present display will comprise all insects useful or destructive. The silk worm and its ways and means, the little busy-bee, improving the shining hour; the cochineal that yields a scarlet dye, and the cantharis that dyes ourselves in a more direct tharis that dyes ourselves in a more direct manner, will be fully represented. We may take a hint from the Chinese, who make jellie from larvæ; and from the Mexicans, who prepare delicacies from insects' eggs. In a word, those insects to be respected, and those to be avoided, will be duly placed on the right hand

Pending her professional unfinished career, Patti, or la Marquine de Caux, cannot be received at the French Court, but her husband still holds the office of Equerry to the Emperor. Instead of being announced as Madem-iselle, the advertisements now call her Madame Patti. She has yet to keep her engagements with the operas of St. Petersburg and New York, after which she will live at Passy, outside of Paris. which she will live at Passy, outside of Paris-Her family have settled down here, and Rossini has undertaken to furnish Patti's drawing-

SOMETHING NEW FOR GENTLEMEN.—One of the latest and best improvements in articles of common use is the Pantaloon Drawers. The common use is the Pantaloon Drawers. The improvement is the invention of Messrs. Fisk, Clark & Flagg, 5e White street, and consists in the cutting of the drawers so that all superfluous cloth is removed, and the drawers made to conform to the limb with neatness and perfect ease. It is just what every man has wanted, especially in these days of close-fitting pants, and the great wonder is that so simple and deand the great wonder is that so simple and de sirable an improvement was not thought of and adopted long ago. Yet the letters patent, which we have seen, are dated Feb. 4 1968, although the patent was applied for over a year ago.
The firm referred to have spent over a year in perfecting the improvement, and no gentleman for a moment hesitate to supply himself from some of the principal furnishing stores with this meet convenient and desirable article.—
N. Y. Evening Mail.

THE STOCK SPECULATORS.—The New York
Post in speaking of the recent fall in New York
Central railroad stock mays:

"The fact that the wife of Commodore Vanderbilt died Sunday night was made use of to
depress the stock. It seems that nothing is sacred from the gamblers of the stock exchange.
A man's domestic bereavements are looked at
only as they put prices up or down. When the only as they put prices up or down. When the Commodore himself, dies as he must naturally some day, we may expect a general hurrah

a few days ago attempted to take the keys from an attendant, when two or three of his fellow lunation seized him and gave him a severe

pounding.

Solution of the extraordinary heat during this summer in Paris all the tropical trees and plants have flowered and produced fruits and seeds, even the manioca, indigo cinnamon, coffee, bassans, and also the cotton plant. The Billiand players of the country are to have a grand tournament in New York.

Mackerel fishing in the Bay of St. Law-rence has not been very successful this season. so far.

87 Brigham Young says Salt Lake City has
20,000 pepulation.

J. P. BERTHOL W.

a girl A cerestored Warringse, and the wingse,

For saledy

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The active speculation in gold in New York of late has been succeeded by a general dullness. In the money market there is an improved inquiry, with more discrimination in collaterals on the part of the banks, yet first-class borrowers are abundantly supplied at 4 per cent. In discounts there is a good demand for notes having less than 60 days to run. but so disposition to deal in long paper. Rates are unchanged, although there is a firmer feeling. The government bond market continues weak and drooping, with transactions chiefly confined to speculative dealers. An unusual feature in the market is the absence of purchasers at the decline. at the decline.

WASHINGTON, August 19,1868,-Jay Cooke & Co. furnish the following quotations of Gov.

ernment securities : U. S. 6's, 1881......113 NEW YORK-PIRST BOARD.

(By Bankers' and Brokers' Telegraph.) Lewis Johnson & Oo. quote stocks and bonds in home and foreign markets as follows:

Baltimore Stock Market, To-day.

Baltimore Markets, To-day. ordinary, 65a70 cts. Rye dull at \$1.50. Pro-visions firm and prices unchanged. Mess Pork. 830. Bacon-Rib Sides, 17 Kal7 Cta.; Ctear do., 17 Kal7 K. Shoulders, 14 Kal5 cts.

NEW YORE, August 19.—Flour 10a20 cents

lower. Wheat la? cents lower. Corn is a shade firmer. Pork firmer; mess, \$29.75. Lard quiet at 18% al9 cents. Cotton firmer; Middling Uplands, 30 cents. Turpentine quiet at 44% ca45 cents. Rosin quiet; strained common, \$2.90. Freights duit. 82.90. Freights dull.

NEW YORK, August 19.-Five-Twenties, 12) new, 107 % a 107 %; Ten-Forties, 107 % a 108 %; North Carolina's, old, 72; new, 71%; Virginia's, new, 53%; ex-coupen, 54%; Tennessee's, ex-coupon, 64; do., new, 63%; Missouri's, 93; Gold, 145%; Money, 4a6 per cent.; Sterling Exchange, 109%. European Markets To-day.

stores and other articles unchanged.

LONDON, Aug. 19—A. M.—Sugar heavy and

BEAUTIFYING THE BEIM AND COMPLEXBEMOVES ALL EBUPTIOMS, FRECKLES,
PIMPLES, MOTH, BLOTCHES, TAN, etc.,
and renders THE SKIN SOFT,
FAIR and BLOOMING.
For LADIES in the NURBERY it is invaluable.
For GENTLEMEN after SHAVING it has no equal
"PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the SKIN.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

POR LIVER COMPLAINT and its various symptoms. BILIOUS HEADACHE, BICK HEADACHE, JAUNDICE or GREEN SICKNESS, BILIOUS COLIC and BILIOUS FEVERS, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which For DYSENTERY or DIARRHEA but on mild dose is generally required.

For RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAIN IN THE
SIDE, BAUE AND LOINS, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the discased action of the system. With such change
those complaints disappear.

For DEOPSY and DEOPSICAL SWELLINGS
they should be taken in large and frequent desce
to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For SUPPRESSION a large dose should be
taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

LOWELL, MASS., U.S. A.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION FOR PAMI-84.00 Per Day, \$30 Per Week, \$100 for four weeks Omnibus and Beggage Master to receive Checks OPEN FROM JUNE 1et TO OCTOBER 1et. B. LELAND BROTHERS, S. LELAND & CO., Motropolitas Botel

in home and foreign markets as follows:

New York, Aug. 19.—First Board—U.S. 6'2, 1881, coupon, 113½; 5.20's, 1862, coupons, 113, 1864, coupon, 108½; 1865, coupons, 110½; 1865, coupon, new, 107½; 5.20's, 1867, coupon, 107½; 10.40's, coupons, 100½; 7.30's, second, none; 7.30's, third, none; Pacific Mail, 28½; Ohio and Mississippi Oertificates, 28½; Mariposa, none; Atlantic Mail, 15; Canton, 45; Cumberland, none; W. U. Telegraph, 33½; Quickailver, 20; Boston Water Power, 15½; N. Y. Oentral, 122½; Erre, 49½; do. preferred, 69; Hudson, 135; Reading, 89½; Michigan Oentral, 11½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 84½; Northwest, 79½; do. preferred, 79½; Cleveland and Tosedo, 28½; Rock Island, 97½; Fart Wayne, 105½; Alton & Terra Haute, 3°½; Toledo & Wabash, 49½; Adams Ex., 45½; Wells, Fargo & Co. Exp., 25; American Express, 39½; United States Express, 40½; Merchants' Union, 18½; Chicago & Alton, 18°½; do. prf'd, 138½. Market weak. Gold, 145½.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 19.—Virginia sixes, old in-scribed, 46% bid, 46% asked; do 1866, 46 bid; do. 1867, 45 bid, 45% asked.

BALTIMORE, August 19 .- Cotton firm. Middling Uplands, 30c. Wheat dull, prices un-changed. Corn firm; common white, \$1.18a \$1.20. Oats dull, prime to choice, 75a80 cts.; Hams, 22a23 cts. Lard, 19 cts. To-day's New York Markets.

Wall Street To-day.

LONDON, August 19—A. M.—Consols, 94 for money, and 91% for account; U. S. Bonds, 71%; Illinois, 90%; Eries, 31%.
FRANKPORT, Aug. 19—A. M.—U. S. Bonds, 74 x 274 x.
Liverpool, Aug. 19.—A. M.—Cotton steady.
Sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. Naval

LONDON, Aug. 19—P. M.—Consols closed un-changed. U.S. Bonds, 71%; Illinois, 91; Eries, LIVERPOOL, Aug. 19-P. M.—Cotton closed asier, but prices are unchanged. Sales 12,000

SPECIAL NOTICES. PHALON'S "PAPHIAN LOTION"

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP" or the TOILET. NURBERY and BATH, will not chee the SEIN. Price 25 cents per cake. "FLOR DE MAYO."
"FLOR DE MAYO."
A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF. EXQUISITE, DELICATE, LASTING
PRAGBANCE.

PHALON & SON, New bork. Sold by all Druggiste

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A LAXA
TIVE MEDICINE.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever
any before so universally adopted into use, i
every country and among all classes, as this milbut efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason
is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectinal
remedy than any other. Those who have tried it,
know that it cured them; those who have not
know that it cured them; those who have not
know that it cures their neighbors and friends,
and all know that what it does once it does always;
that it never fails through any fault or neglect of
its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of
the following complaints, but such cures are
known in every neighborhood, and we need not
publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions
in all climates; containing neither calomel or any
deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by
anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them
ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while
being purely vegetable no harm can arise from
their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the
internal viscers to purify the blood and stimulate
it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of
the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the
body, restoring their irregular action to health,
and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.
Minute directions are given in the wrapper on
the box, for the following complaints, which these
Pills rapidly cure:

For DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, LIST-Fills rapidly cure:
For DYSPEPSIA or IMDIGESTION, LIST-LESSNESS, LANGUOR and Less OF APPE-TITA, they should be taken mederately to atim-ulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and

thy.

As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose etimulates the stomach and howels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious deries gement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleaning and renevating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. ATER & CO., PRACTICAL CREMISTS. Agent, Washi agtor UNION HOTEL, SARATOGA. POPULAR PRICES.

MEDICAL.

NERVOUS AND BEBILITATED

WHOSE SUFFERINGS HAVE BEEN

PROTRACTED FROM HIDDEN CAUSES

AND WHOSE CASES

REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT

TO BENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE

If you are suffering from results of early indiscretions, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys frequently get out of order? Do you have spells of short breathing, or dyspepsia. Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting, or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? the bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirite dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite; and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, secret habits, venereal diseases badly cured, and excesses, are all cupable of producing a weakness in the gener .veorgans. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in nerfect

persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect those whose generative organs are in perfect beauth? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of netvousness, of palpitotion of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become and and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and locathem right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of abuses and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other form of disease—idiocy, lunscy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one. Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S

PLUID EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT IURETIC.

AND A CERTAIN CURE FOR DISBASES OF THE

> BLADDER, KIDNEYS. GRAVEL, DROPSY.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

GENERAL DEBILITY.

AND ALL DISBASES OF THE

WHETHER EXISTING

how long standing.

From whatever cause originating, and no atter

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHO established upwards of 18 years,

> H. T. MELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 BROADWAY, REW YORK. 104 SOUTH TENTH STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, PENNA.

TLES FOR \$6.50, DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

PRICE \$1.95 PER BOTTLE, OR SIX BOT

SOLD BY DEUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

BONE ARE GREUINE unless done p steel-engraved wrapper, with fac simile

OBGANIO WEAKNESS.

UBINABY OBGANS

IN MALE OR FEMALE,

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption of Invanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity, depends upon prompute of a reliable remedy.